



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

A NEW SPECIES OF COCCYZUS FROM ST. ANDREWS.

BY WITMER STONE.

The first collection of birds from the isolated island of St. Andrews in the Caribbean Sea seems to have been made in the winter of 1886-7, by Mr. Robert Henderson, who was collecting for Mr. Charles B. Cory.

Nineteen species were obtained, of which five were described as new by Mr. Cory.¹

On May 1, 1887, Dr. William L. Abbott stopped at the island and collected a few specimens representing six species.

Two of these were not obtained by Mr. Henderson, namely, *Lampornis violicauda* and a *Coccyzus* allied to *C. minor*, but apparently distinct, for which I would propose the name *Coccyzus abbotti*.

This bird differs from *C. minor* especially in its much longer bill, and this character, curiously enough, is likewise conspicuous in *Mimus magnirostris* and *Icterus lawrencei*, two other peculiar species separated by Mr. Cory.

Coccyzus abbotti n. sp.

Type No. 25,177, Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila., St. Andrews, May 1, 1877, W. L. Abbott.

Similar to *C. minor*, but with much larger and longer bill, abdomen and flanks paler, sides of the neck less gray and more suffused with buff.

	WING.	CULMEN.
<i>C. minor</i> ,	5.30 ins.	1.08 ins.
<i>C. abbotti</i> ,	5.20	1.28

¹ Auk, 1887, p. 177.